AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	13-14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	19
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21-51
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	52
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund	53
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	54
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions – CERS	55
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions – TRS	56
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions – CERs	57

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions – TRS Medical Insurance Fund
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions – TRS Life Insurance Fund
Supplementary Information
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Statement of School Activity Funds
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards63-64
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on and Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs71
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings72
Management Letter



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Augusta Independent School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue

as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, and OPEB schedules as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or

historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 22, 2024

As management of the Augusta Independent School District (District) we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the District were more than its liabilities and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$434,130 (net position). The unrestricted net position, which represents the amounts available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, was a deficit of (\$247,209). The District is committed to provide postemployment benefits to its employees. As a result, the District has recognized substantial liabilities in the financial statements for these benefits. As of year-end, the District has liabilities of for postemployment benefits of \$1,455,710 which caused the deficit balance in the unrestricted net position. The District's total net position changed by \$32,161.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, district and school administration, business and plant operations, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is the state mandated accounting system including a chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The proprietary fund is for food service operations. The fiduciary fund is a trust fund established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare, and teacher support. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-51 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position presents financial information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities		
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023		
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 1,535,988	\$ 1,236,098	\$ 40,932	\$ 72,474		
Non-current assets	2,964,190	3,176,246	9,398	11,162		
Total assets	4,500,178	4,412,344	50,330	83,636		
Deferred outflows	731,164	702,454	77,819	51,332		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	752,170	541,781	187	-		
Non-current liabilities	3,180,128	3,632,370	161,514	173,247		
Total liabilities	3,932,298	4,174,151	161,701	173,247		
Deferred inflows	746,944	462,958	84,418	37,441		
Net position						
Net invesment in capital assets	566,959	781,937	6,435	11,162		
Restricted	232,350	55,975	(124,405)	-		
Unrestricted	(247,209)	(360,223)		(86,882)		
Total net position	\$ 552,100	\$ 477,689	\$ (117,970)	\$ (75,720)		

Change in Net Position

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities		
	June 30, 2024 June 30, 2023		June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023		
Revenues:						
Local revenue sources	\$ 1,041,166	\$ 984,560	\$ 11,319	\$ 9,416		
State revenue sources	3,468,994	3,526,205	17,056	2,242		
Federal revenue sources	562,279	608,991	277,224	247,737		
Total revenues	\$ 5,072,439	\$ 5,119,756	\$ 305,599	\$ 259,395		
Expenses:						
Instruction	\$ 2,770,842	\$ 2,732,465	\$ -	\$ -		
Student support	251,200	244,981	-	-		
Instruction staff	56,308	56,282	-	-		
District administrative	444,141	387,879	-	-		
School administrative	241,872	240,620	-	-		
Business support	156,341	160,272	-	-		
Plant operations and maintenance	658,856	664,250	-	-		
Student transportation	137,733	141,376	-	-		
Food service	-	0	347,849	224,878		
Community services	47,203	44,914	-	-		
Land/site acquistions	-	-	-	-		
Building construction	113,985	-				
Building improvements	36,059	-	-	-		
Interest on long-term debt	83,488	72,626				
Total expenses	\$ 4,998,028	\$ 4,745,665	\$ 347,849	\$ 224,878		
Transfers						
Change in net position	\$ 74,411	\$ 374,091	\$ (42,250)	\$ 34,517		

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's government funds reported combined fund balances of \$1,312,316, a change of \$256,650 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,076,708. The total general fund balance increased \$78,100.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$2,922,080 in capital assets net of depreciation. Net capital assets change by (\$258,406).

	(Governmental Activities					usiness-Ty	pe Activities		
	6/	6/30/2024 6/30/2023			6/3	0/2024	6/3	30/2023		
Land and improvements	\$	28,556	\$	31,072		\$	-	\$	-	
Buildings and improvements		2,829,479	;	3,069,980			-		-	
Vehicles		37,659		44,444			-			
General equipment		19,951		23,828			6,435		11,162	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2	2,915,645	\$:	3,169,324		\$	6,435	\$	11,162	

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$3,842,773 in long-term liabilities. Long-term liabilities changed by (\$313,686).

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	oe Activities		
	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2023 6/30/2024			
Bonds payable	\$ 2,348,686	\$ 2,387,387	\$ -	\$ -		
Financed purchases	-	10,528	-	-		
Operating leases	32,988	6,922	-	-		
Compensated absences	5,389	1,911	-	-		
Net OPEB liability	571,200	949,647	23,800	62,632		
Net pension liability	722,996	626,817	137,714	110,615		
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 3,681,259	\$ 3,983,212	\$ 161,514	\$ 173,247		

GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Kentucky state statutes and the Kentucky Department of Education require school districts to adopt a budget that has a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a general fund budget that had a contingency of 21%.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Budgeted general fund revenues and expenditures for 2025 are similar to 2024 amounts. The 2025 budget has a 23% contingency.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Finance Officer, Timothy Litteral, 307 Bracken St., Augusta, KY 41002.

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total		
Assats	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets					
Coch and coch againstants	ć 0F0 407	ć 2C 40E	ć 904.003		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 858,497	\$ 36,405	\$ 894,902		
Investments Receivables	552,994	-	552,994		
	124,497	- 4 E 2 7	124,497		
Inventory Noncurrent	-	4,527	4,527		
Net OPEB asset - CERS	15,557	2.062	18,520		
Right-of-use asset	32,988	2,963			
-	•	- 6,435	32,988		
Capital assets, net	2,915,645		2,922,080		
Total assets	4,500,178	50,330	4,550,508		
Deferred outflows of resources					
Debt refundings	34,666	-	34,666		
OPEB related	455,419	31,783	487,202		
Pension related	241,079	46,036	287,115		
Total deferred outflows of resources	731,164	77,819	808,983		
Liabilities					
Current					
Accounts payable	205,912	187	206,099		
Unearned revenue	17,760	-	17,760		
Accrued interest payable	27,367	-	27,367		
Operating lease	6,019	-	6,019		
Bonds payable	495,112	-	495,112		
Noncurrent					
Compensated absences	5,389	-	5,389		
Operating lease	26,969	-	26,969		
Bonds payable	1,853,574	-	1,853,574		
Net OPEB liability TRS	571,200	23,800	595,000		
Net pension liability	722,996	137,714	860,710		
Total liabilities	3,932,298	161,701	4,093,999		
Deferred inflows of resources					
OPEB related	647,855	65,544	713,399		
Pension related	99,089	18,874	117,963		
Total deferred inflows of resources	746,944	84,418	831,362		
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	566,959	6,435	573,394		
Restricted (deficit)	232,350	(124,405)	107,945		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(247,209)	<u> </u>	(247,209)		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 552,100	\$ (117,970)	\$ 434,130		

	Expenses	Charges fo	_		Gr	Capital rants and atributions		Revenue over Expenses
Governmental Activities Instruction	\$ 2,770,842	\$ -	\$	1 /22 206	\$		\$	/1 220 EEG\
	\$ 2,770,842	Ş -	Ş	1,432,286	Þ	-	Ş	(1,338,556)
Support services: Student	251,200			110,558				(140,642)
Instructional staff	56,308	_		49,556		_		(6,752)
District administration	444,141	_		94,744		_		(349,397)
School administration	241,872	_		83,654		_		(158,218)
Business	156,341	_		56,086		_		(100,255)
Plant operation	658,856	_		45,081		_		(613,775)
Student transportation	137,733	_		20,339		_		(117,394)
Community service	47,203	_		48,948		_		1,745
Building construction	113,985	_				_		(113,985)
Building improvements	36,059	_		_		_		(36,059)
Interest on long-term debt	83,488	_		_		299,216		215,728
Total governmental activities	4,998,028	-		1,941,252		299,216		(2,757,560)
Business-Type Activities								
Food service	347,849	11,319		294,280		-		(42,250)
Total business-type activities	347,849	11,319		294,280		_		(42,250)
Total school district	\$ 5,345,877	\$ 11,319	\$	2,235,532	\$	299,216		(2,799,810)
			G	overnmental	Ruc	iness-Type		
			Ů.	Activities		activities		Total
Revenue over expenses			\$	(2,757,560)	\$	(42,250)	\$	(2,799,810)
General Revenues								
Property taxes				503,987		_		503,987
Motor vehicle taxes				39,384		_		39,384
Utilities tax				175,579		_		175,579
State aid				175,941		-		175,941
SEEK				1,614,864		-		1,614,864
Investment earnings				20,021		-		20,021
Other				298,291		-		298,291
Loss on asset disposal				3,904		-		3,904
Total general revenues		_		2,831,971		-		2,831,971
Change in net position				74,411		(42,250)		32,161
Net position (deficit) - beginning	g of year	_		477,689		(75,720)		401,969
Net position (deficit) - end of ye	ear		\$	552,100	\$	(117,970)	\$	434,130

	 General Fund	Special Revenue				vernmental	Go	Total vernmental Funds	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 791,147	\$	-	\$	226	\$	67,124	\$	858,497
Investments	387,994		-		165,000		-		552,994
Receivables	49,898		74,599		-		-		124,497
Interfund receivable	 56,839				-				56,839
Total assets	\$ 1,285,878	\$	74,599	\$	165,226	\$	67,124	\$	1,592,827
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 205,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	205,912
Unearned revenue	-		17,760		-		-		17,760
Interfund payable	 		56,839		-				56,839
Total liabilities	 205,912		74,599		-	· <u></u>			280,511
Fund balances									
Restricted	-		-		165,226		67,124		232,350
Committed	3,258		-		-		-		3,258
Unassigned	 1,076,708		-		-		-		1,076,708
Total fund balances	 1,079,966		-		165,226		67,124		1,312,316
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,285,878	\$	74,599	\$	165,226	\$	67,124	\$	1,592,827

Augusta Independent School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,312,316
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,915,645
Deferred outflow and inflow of resources are applicable to future	
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	455,419
Deferred outflows - pensions	241,079
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(647,855)
Deferred inflows - pension	(99,089)
Debt refundings	34,666
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(27,367)
Bonds payable	(2,348,686)
Compensated absences	(5,389)
Net OPEB liability	(555,643)
Net pension liability	(722,996)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 552,100

		General	Special			Governmental		Governmental	
		Fund	Revenue	Construction		Funds		Funds	
Revenues									
From local sources:									
Property taxes	\$	433,562	\$ -	\$	-	\$	70,425	\$	503,987
Motor vehicle taxes		39,384	-		-		-		39,384
Utility taxes		175,579	-		-		-		175,579
Earnings on investments		20,021	-		-		-		20,021
Other local revenue		23,884	100,509		-		173,898		298,291
Intergovernmental state:									
SEEK		1,586,290	-		-		28,574		1,614,864
On-behalf		981,730	-		-		299,216		1,280,946
Other		50,110	303,188		-		219,886		573,184
Intergovernmental federal		-	550,870		-		-		550,870
Federal direct		11,409			-		-		11,409
Total revenues		3,321,969	954,567		-		791,999		5,068,535

				Other	Total
	General	Special		Governmental	Governmental
Expenditures	Fund	Revenue	Construction	Funds	Funds
Instruction	1,733,461	862,399	-	188,387	2,784,247
Support services:	-	-	-		
Student	204,114	48,175	-	-	252,289
Instruction staff	56,308	-	-	-	56,308
District administrative	448,023	-	-	-	448,023
School administrative	244,981	-	-	-	244,981
Business support	157,160	-	-	-	157,160
Plant operation and maintenance	434,142	-	-	-	434,142
Student transporation	143,992	-	-	-	143,992
Community services	-	48,948	-	-	48,948
Building construction	-	-	113,985	-	113,985
Building improvements	-	-	20,789	20,859	41,648
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	334,000	334,000
Interest		-		56,066	56,066
Total expenditures	3,422,181	959,522	134,774	599,312	5,115,789
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(100,212)	(4,955)	(134,774)	192,687	(47,254)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	180,375	5,914	-	90,850	277,139
Transfers out	(5,567)	-	-	(271,572)	(277,139)
Sale of assets	3,504	400	-	-	3,904
Bond proceeds			300,000	-	300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	178,312	6,314	300,000	(180,722)	303,904
Net change in fund balances	78,100	1,359	165,226	11,965	256,650
Fund balances - beginning	1,001,866	(1,359)		55,159	1,055,666
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,079,966	\$ -	\$ 165,226	\$ 67,124	\$ 1,312,316

Augusta Independent School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 256,650
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those asset is	
allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	
expense.	
Depreciation expense	(253,679)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources	
to governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities	
in the statement of net position.	(300,000)
·	, ,
Repayment of long-term debt are expenditures in the governmental	
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement	
of net position.	343,640
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in the funds.	
Amortization of bond refunding	(9,674)
Amortization of bond discount	5,589
Change in accrued interest payable	(16,860)
Change in compensated absences	(3,478)
Change in OPEB liabilites (assets) and deferred amounts	57,935
Change in pension liabilites and deferred amounts	(5,712)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 74,411
	

Assets	Food Service			
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,405		
Inventories for consumption	,	4,527		
Total current assets		40,932		
Noncurrent assets				
Net OPEB asset		2,963		
Capital assets, net		6,435		
Total noncurrent assets	_	9,398		
Total assets		50,330		
Deferred outflows of resources				
OPEB related		31,783		
Pension related		46,036		
Total deferred outflows of resources		77,819		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable		187		
Total current liabilties		187		
Long-term liabilities				
Net OPEB liability		23,800		
Net pension liability		137,714		
Total long-term liabilities		161,514		
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	161,701		
Deferred inflows of resources				
OPEB related		65,544		
Pension related	<u> </u>	18,874		
Total deferred inflow of resources		84,418		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		6,435		
Restricted		(124,405)		
Tota net position (deficit)	\$	(117,970)		

	Food Service Fund			
Operating revenues Food service	\$ 11,319			
Total operating revenues	11,319			
Operating expenses				
Salaries and wages	124,614			
Employee benefits	28,846			
Purchased services	6,565			
Materials and supplies	181,450			
Other operating expenses	1,647			
Depreciation	4,727			
Total operating expenses	347,849			
Operating loss	(336,530)			
Non operating revenues				
Operating grants - state	17,056			
Operating grants - federal	265,063			
Donated commodities	12,161			
Total other financing sources (uses)	294,280			
Net change in fund balances	(42,250)			
Fund balances - beginning of year	(75,720)			
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (117,970)			

Cash flows from operating activities	Fo	od Service
Cash received:		
From food service sales	\$	11,319
Cash paid:		
To employees		(147,666)
To suppliers		(168,547)
For operating expenses		(8,212)
Net cash used in operating activities		(313,106)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Non operating grants		282,119
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		282,119
Net increase in cash		(30,987)
Cash - beginning of year		67,392
Cash - end of year	\$	36,405
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(336,530)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash in operating activities		
Depreciation		4,727
Changes in:		
Inventory		555
Payables		187
Deferred outflows		(26,487)
Deferred inflows		46,977
Net OPEB liability (asset)		(41,795)
Net pension liability		27,099
Commodities received		12,161
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(313,106)
Noncash activities		
Commodities received from federal	\$	12,161
On-behalf payments received state	\$	-

	Trust Funds					
Assets						
Cash	\$	34,189				
Total assets	 \$	34,189				
Net position						
Restricted	\$	34,189				

	 Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions	\$ -
Interest income	 17
Total additions	 17
Deductions	
Community serivices	 2,094
Total deductions	 2,094
Change in net position	(2,077)
Net position - beginning of year	 36,266
Net position - end of year	\$ 34,189

NOTE 1: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Augusta Independent Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of Augusta Independent School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups or organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated with the Board; such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, and others.

The financial statements of the District include those separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Augusta Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation — The Board authorized the establishment of the Augusta Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation (Corporation), (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the District as a whole. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to determine legal compliance. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are presented in a single column.

Governmental Fund Types

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District. This used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for funds received at the school level.

The School Activity Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

The Capital Outlay Fund is the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) fund and receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified by the district's facility plan.

The *Building Fund* is the Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) fund and accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The *Construction Fund* is used to account for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost, as required by state law.

Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Funds)

The *Food Service Fund* accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity for the benefit of others and cannot be used to support District activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The District also reports a fiduciary fund which focuses on net position and changes in net position.

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of year end. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to long-term compensated absences and postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an initial maturity date of ninety days or less.

The District is authorized by state statute to invest in the following subject to additional requirements of KRS 66.480:

- Obligations of the United States and of its Agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of Deposit
- Bankers Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Bonds and Securities of other State and Local Governments
- Mutual Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, Individual Equity Securities and High-quality Corporate bonds managed by a professional investment manager

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year are stated at cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Receivables

Accounts receivables are presented, when necessary, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. No allowance has been recorded for the current fiscal year.

Capital Assets

General capital and leased assets are those assets that generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	50 Years
Improvements	20 Years
Infrastructure	40 Years
Vehicles	7 Years
Genenal equipment	7 Years

Deferred Outflows

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period, and therefore, are deferred until that time. The District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits on the government-wide financial statements.

Payables and Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30.00% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term debt consists of bonds, notes, and lease liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employee Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis of as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employee Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis of as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and, are therefore, deferred until that time. The District recognized deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefits on the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, certain revenue transactions have been reported as unavailable revenue. Revenue that is earned by not available is reported as a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted net assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use by external parties or by law through enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the amount of net amount of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable. Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted. Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed. Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by District Council ordinance.

Assigned. Amounts that are designated for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed or a there is majority passed vote by District Council.

Unassigned. All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance, and then to committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances in that order.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all the real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax on telephone communication services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and gas furnished within the District's boundaries.

Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided or fines imposed by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, where are presented as internal balances.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature an infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the fiscal year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

An annual budget is adopted for each governmental fund by ordinance prior to July 1. The budget can be amended by a subsequent ordinance. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level.

Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through October 22, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

.....

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk. This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with state statute depository restrictions.

At year end, the District's bank balance was \$1,484,020 and the carrying amount was \$894,902. The bank balance was fully covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized securities held by the financial institution, but not in the name of the District.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year is summarized below:

	Balance							Balance	
	7/1/2023		Additions		D	isposals	6	6/30/2024	
Govermental Activities									
Land and improvements	\$	94,405	\$	-	\$	2,596	\$	91,809	
Buildings and improvements		7,610,348		-		-		7,610,348	
Technology equipmenmt		145,771		-		50,612		95,159	
Vehicles		236,876		-		81,929		154,947	
General equipment		198,995		-		28,932		170,063	
Total at historical cost		8,286,395				164,069		8,122,326	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Land and improvements		63,333		2,516		2,596		63,253	
Buildings and improvements		4,540,368		240,501		-		4,780,869	
Technology equipmenmt		145,771		-		50,612		95,159	
Vehicles		192,432		6,785		81,929		117,288	
General equipment		175,167		3,877		28,932		150,112	
Total accumulated depreciation		5,117,071		253,679		164,069		5,206,681	
Capital assets - net	\$	3,169,324	\$	(253,679)	\$		\$	2,915,645	

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance						Е	Balance
	7	/1/2023	Additions		Dis	posals	6/	30/2024
Business-type Activities								
Buildings and improvements	\$	427,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	427,600
Technology equipment		1,985		-		-		1,985
Food service equiment		84,518				-		84,518
Total at historical cost		514,103		-				514,103
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		427,600		-		-		427,600
Technology equipment		1,985		-		-		1,985
Food service equiment		73,356		4,727		-		78,083
Total accumulated depreciation		502,941		4,727		-		507,668
Capital assets - net	\$	11,162	\$	(4,727)	\$	_	\$	6,435

Depreciation was charged to following government functions:

	Governmental	Busii	ness-type
Instruction	\$ 16,399	\$	
Student support	2,020		
Plant operations	228,475		
Student transportation	6,785		
Food service			4,727
Depreciation expense	\$ 253,679	\$	4,727

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year is summarized below:

					Amount	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	One Year	Long-term
Bonds payable	\$ 2,387,387	\$ 300,000	\$ 338,701	\$ 2,348,686	\$ 495,112	\$ 1,853,574
Financed purchases	10,528	-	10,528	-	-	-
Operating leases	6,922	32,988	6,922	32,988	6,019	26,969
Compensated absences	1,911	3,478	-	5,389	-	5,389
Net OPEB liability	949,647	-	378,447	571,200	-	571,200
Net pension liability	626,817	96,179		722,996		722,996
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 3,983,212	\$ 432,645	\$ 734,598	\$ 3,681,259	\$ 501,131	\$ 3,180,128

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

					Amount	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
Business-type Activities	July 1, 202	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	One Year	Long-term
Net OPEB liability	\$ 62,63	2 \$ -	\$ 38,832	\$ 23,800	\$ -	\$ 23,800
Net pension liability	110,61	5 27,099		137,714		137,714
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 173,24	7 \$ 27,099	\$ 38,832	\$ 161,514	\$ -	\$ 161,514

Bonds Payable

The District issues general obligations bonds to provide funds for the acquisition of equipment and the construction of facilities. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligations outstanding at year end are as follows:

Issue					Balance
Date		Proceeds	Rates	Ju	ne 30, 2024
2015	\$	1,055,000	3.25%	\$	845,000
2016	\$	2,665,000	2.00% - 2.20%		985,000
2021	\$	3,449,000	0.95%		234,000
2023	\$	300,000	4.00% - 4.50%		300,000
Outstanding bonds				2,364,000	
Bond discount					(15,314)
Bonds payable, net				\$	2,348,686

Bond activity for the year is summarized below:

					Amount	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
Issue	July , 2023	Addtions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	One Year	Long-term
Series 2015	\$ 875,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 845,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 795,000
Series 2016	1,250,000	-	265,000	985,000	245,000	740,000
Series 2021	273,000	-	39,000	234,000	192,000	42,000
Series 2023		300,000		300,000	9,000	291,000
Total bonds	\$ 2,398,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 334,000	\$ 2,364,000	\$ 496,000	\$ 1,868,000
Bond discount	(10,613)	(5,589)	(888)	(15,314)	(888)	(14,426)
Total bonds payable	\$ 2,387,387	\$ 294,411	\$ 333,112	\$ 2,348,686	\$ 495,112	\$ 1,853,574

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Debt service requirements for the District's general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Augusta Independent		School Facility		
Year End	School District		Construction Commission		Total Debt
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Service
2025	\$ 69,263	\$ 22,030	\$ 267,737	\$ 41,681	\$ 400,711
2026	73,056	20,401	273,944	34,869	402,270
2027	76,792	18,610	275,208	29,149	399,759
2028	78,823	16,708	262,177	23,152	380,860
2029	66,558	14,594	49,442	17,208	147,802
2030-2034	306,006	45,185	214,994	65,967	632,152
2035-2039	128,424	4,254	123,576	34,704	290,958
2040-2044			98,000	13,545	111,545
Total debt service	\$ 798,922	\$ 141,782	\$ 1,565,078	\$ 260,275	\$ 2,766,057
			Total principal		\$ 2,364,000
			Total interest		402,057
			Total debt servi	ice	\$ 2,766,057

Compensated absences

Upon retirement from the school system, employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30.00% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The compensated absences at year end is \$5,389.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System (CERS) covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (TRS) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General Information about the CERS Pension Plan

Plan Description

CERS is a cost-sharing multi-employer public employee retirement system which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of each county, city, and school board and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the Plan. The Plan is administered by the CERS Board of Trustees and is divided into a divided into non-hazardous duty and hazardous duty classifications.

Benefits Provided

CERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits maybe extended to beneficiaries under certain circumstances. Employees are vested in the plan after five years of service.

For retirement purposes, non-hazardous employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old, or 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 to December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old, or age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	On or after January 1, 2014
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old, or
		age 57+ with sum of service years plus age equal
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 2, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce cost-of-living adjustments if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Contributions

Employees – Tier 1 plan members are required to contribute 5% of their creditable compensation. Employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 (Tier 2 and Tier 3) are required to contribute an additional 1%.

Employers – The contribution rate for the current year was 23.34%. The District made all required contributions for fiscal year in the amount of \$95,612

General Information about the TRS Pension Plan

Plan Description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits Provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either: 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or

- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon

retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Benefits Provided - Continued

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

CERS

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$860,710 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The net pension liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.01341% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$110,718 related to CERS

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

TRS

The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the district is \$\$7,898,495.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$515,390 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$515,390 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

				CERS		
	[Deferred	D	eferred		Net
		Outflow		Inflow	D	eferral
Change in liability experience	\$	44,557	\$	2,339		
Change of assumptions		-		78,885		
Change in investment experience		-		11,741		
Change in proportionate share of contributions		146,946		24,998		
		191,503	\$	117,963	\$	73,540
Subsequent contributions		95,612				
Total	\$	287,115				

The contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$95,612 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net deferral of \$73,450 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Net
June 30	Deferral
2025	27,611
2026	35,050
2027	19,215
2028	(8,336)
	\$ 73,540

Actuarial assumptions

CERS

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles

There was a change in the investment return assumption from 6.25% to 6.50%. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using these updated assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions are:

Employer fiscal year end 2024 Plan year end 2023

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Amortization method Level percent of pay

Amortization period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019

Payroll growth rate 2.00% Investment return 6.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increase - nonhazardous 3.30% to 10.30% Salary increase - hazardous 3.55% to 19.05%

Mortality

Phase-in provision

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates form P-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019 Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

TRS

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles

There were no changes in the assumptions effecting the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial assumptions - Continued

TRS - Continued

The actuarial assumptions are:

Employer fiscal year end 2024 Plan year end 2023

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2022

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.00% - 7.50%

Investment return 7.10%

Municipal bond index rate:

Prior measurement date 3.37%
Measurement date 3.66%
Year FNP is expected to be depleted NA

Single equivalent interest rate:

Prior measurement date 7.10% Measurement date 7.10%

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% annually

Mortality

Rates based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed foreach asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the tables below.

Long-term expected rate of return – continued

CERS

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Public equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Core bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty credit/high yield	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected real return	100.00%	5.75%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

TRS

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Large Cap US Equity	35.40%	5.00%
Small Cap US Equity	2.60%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.70%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.30%	6.10%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	5.00%	3.80%
Additional categories	5.00%	3.60%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	7.00%	8.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Expected real return	100.00%	7.10%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.50% and 7.10% was used to measure the total pension liability for CERS and TRS, respectively, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments for each plan. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the non-hazardous and hazardous pension plans' fiduciary net position and future contributions were separately projected and were each sufficient to finance all the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each plan.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease 5.50%	Disc	count Rate 6.50%	1% Increase 7.50%
District's proportionate share of the CERS net				
pension liability	\$ 1,086,699	\$	860,710	\$ 672,906

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS and TRS financial report.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN

General Information about the CERS Plan

Plan Description

The CERS Insurance fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides group health insurance benefits for plan members that are regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, District, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. OPEB benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. The Plan is administered by the CERS Board of Trustees and is divided into a divided into non-hazardous duty and hazardous duty classifications.

Benefits Provided

The CERS Insurance hospital and medical benefits to eligible plan members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. Premium payments are submitted to DEI. The KRS board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees. The CERS Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

For health insurance purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1

Participation date Before July 1, 2003

Insurance eligibility 10 years of service credit required

Benefit Set percentage of single coverage health insurance based

on service credit accrued at retirement

Tier 2

Participation date After September 1, 2008 and before December 31, 2013

Insurance eligibility 15 years of service credit required

Benefit Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued,

increased annually

Tier 3

Participation date After December 31, 2013

Insurance eligibility 15 years of service credit required

Benefit Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued,

increased annually

Contributions

Employee Contributions. Tier 1 plan members are not required to contribute. Employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 (Tier 2 and Tier 3) are required to contribute 1.0% of creditable compensation to an account created for payment of health insurance benefits.

Employer Contributions – The contribution rate for the current year was 0.00%. The District made all required contributions for the fiscal year in the amount of \$0.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

General Information about the TRS Plan

Plan Description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined OPEB pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits Provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan. The District made all required contributions for the fiscal year in the amount of \$32,983.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

CERS

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an assets of \$18,520 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for CERS. The net OPEB liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023 the District's proportionate share was \$0.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$33,846) related to CERS.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

TRS

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$595,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for TRS. The net OPEB liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023 the District's proportionate share was 0.02445%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,295 related to TRS.

CERS and TRS

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		CERS	
	Deferred	Deferred	Net
	Outflow	Inflow	Deferral
Change in liability experience	\$ 12,911	\$ 262,969	
Change of assumptions	36,447	25,400	
Change in investment experience	-	4,298	
Change in proportionate share of contributions	58,861	15,732	
	108,219	\$ 308,399	\$ (200,180)
Subsequent contributions			
Total	\$ 108,219		
		TRS	
	Deferred	TRS Deferred	Net
	Deferred Outflow		Net Deferral
Change in liability experience		Deferred	
Change in liability experience Change of assumptions	Outflow	Deferred Inflow	
	Outflow \$ -	Deferred Inflow	
Change of assumptions	Outflow \$ - 135,000	Deferred Inflow	
Change of assumptions Change in investment experience	Outflow \$ - 135,000 11,000	Deferred Inflow \$ 202,000	
Change of assumptions Change in investment experience	Outflow \$ - 135,000 11,000 200,000	Deferred Inflow \$ 202,000 203,000	Deferral

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Continued

	Total		
	Deferred Outflow	Deferred Inflow	Net Deferral
Change in liability experience	\$ 12,911	\$ 464,969	
Change of assumptions	171,447	25,400	
Change in investment experience	11,000	4,298	
Change in proportionate share of contributions	258,861	218,732	
	454,219	\$ 713,399	\$ (259,180)
Subsequent contributions	32,983		
Total	\$ 487,202		

The contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$32,983 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. The net deferral of (\$259,180) will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Net		
June 30	 Deferral		
2025	\$ (74,282)		
2026	(86,695)		
2027	(37,148)		
2028	(31,055)		
2028	(10,000)		
Thereafter	 (20,000)		
	\$ (259,180)		

Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums paid for the Kentucky Employees' Health plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

CERS

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles

There was a change in the investment return assumption from 5.70% to 5.93%. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using these updated assumptions.

Employer fiscal year end 2024 Plan year end 2023

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Asset valuation method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Amortization method Level percent of pay

Amortization period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019

Payroll growth rate 2.00% Investment return 6.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increase - nonhazardous 3.30% to 10.30% Salary increase - hazardous 3.55% to 19.05%

Mortality

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates form P-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Healthcare trend rates:

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the

valuation and were incorporated into the liability

measurement.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the

valuation and were incorporated into the liability

measurement.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions - continued

TRS

Employer fiscal year end 2024 Plan year end 2023

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2022

Inflation2.50%Real wage growth0.25%Wage inflation2.75%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.00% - 7.50%

Investment return

Health trust 7.10%
Life trust 7.10%
Municipal bond index rate: 3.66%

Year FNP is expected to be depleted

Health trust NA Life trust NA

Single equvalent interest rate:

Health trust 7.10% Life trust 7.10%

Health trust health care cost trends

6.75% for FYE 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Medical trend by FYE 2032

1.55% for FYE 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE

Medicare Part B premiums 2034

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed foreach asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the tables below.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-term expected rate of return - continued

CERS

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Public equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Core bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty credit/high yield	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected real return	100.00%	5.75%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

TRS - MIF

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
Large Cap US Equity	35.40%	5.00%
Small Cap US Equity	2.60%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	8.00%	3.80%
Additional categories	9.00%	3.70%
Real Estate	6.50%	3.20%
Private Equity	8.50%	8.00%
Cash	1.00%	1.60%
Expected real return	100.00%	7.10%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-term expected rate of return - continued

TRS - LIF

		Long-term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return
US Equity	40.00%	5.20%
Developed International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Additional categories	5.00%	4.00%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Expected real return	100.00%	7.10%
Long-term inflation assumption		2.50%

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% and 7.10% for CERS and TRS respectively were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.66%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarially determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

NOTE 6: OPEB PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 4.93%	Current Discount Rate 5.93%	1% Increase 6.93%
District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 34,755	\$ (18,520)	\$ (63,132)
	1% Decrease 6.10%	Current Discount Rate 7.10%	1% Increase 8.10%
5			
District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability	\$ 766,000	\$ 595,000	\$ 455,000

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the CERS net					•	
OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(59,361)	\$	(18,520)	\$	31,648
District's proportionate share of the TRS net						
OPEB liability		429,000		595,000		803,000
Total	\$	369,639	\$	576,480	\$	834,648

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE 7: ON-BEHALF

For the year ended June 30, 2024, payments made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District for insurance benefits, retirement benefits, technology, and debt service. The following amounts were recorded in the Statement of Activities and the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance:

Fund	
General	\$ 981,730
Debt service	 299,216
	\$ 1,280,946
Type	
Retirement	\$ 515,390
Health insurance less federal reimbursement	387,301
Life insurance	587
Adminsitrative fee	4,692
HRA/Dental/Vision insurance	17,675
Technology	56,085
Debt service	 299,216
	\$ 1,280,946

NOTE 8: FUND TRANSFERS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From	To	Purpose	/	Amount
General fund	Special revenue	Technology Match	\$	5,567
Capital outlay	General fund	Capital outlay		28,574
Building fund	General fund	Capital outlay		152,148
Building fund	Debt service	Debt service		90,850
		Total transfers	\$	277,139

NOTE 9: CONTINGENCIES

Grants. The District receives funding from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If the federal or state grantor finds that funds have not been used for the intended purposes, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its expenditures. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed expenditures, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is contingent upon the grantors satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors intent to continue their programs.

NOTE 9: CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

Litigation. The District is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. It is neither possible to determine the outcome of these proceedings nor possible to estimate the effects adverse decisions may have on the future expenditures or revenue sources of the District. In the opinion of District management and its legal counsel these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the accompanying financial statements. Therefore, no provision for any liability that may result upon adjudication of any cases has been made in the accompanying financial statements

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the District has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk general liability management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

Management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the District as of June 30, 2024, will not materially affect the financial condition of the District. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims. No claim has exceeded insurance coverage amounts in the past three fiscal year.



	Budgete	d Amounts		 Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 670,618	\$ 670,618	\$ 679,436	\$ 8,818
State sources	2,716,706	2,716,706	2,618,130	(98,576)
Federal sources	19,000	19,000	11,409	(7,591)
Total revenues	3,406,324	3,406,324	3,308,975	(97,349)
Expenditures				
Instruction	1,795,139	1,795,139	1,733,461	61,678
Support services:	221,446	221,446		221,446
Student	65,315	65,315	204,114	(138,799)
Instuction staff	473,379	473,379	56,308	417,071
District administrative	257,691	257,691	448,023	(190,332)
School administrative	174,845	174,845	244,981	(70,136)
Business	430,820	430,820	157,160	273,660
Plant operations	175,441	175,441	434,142	(258,701)
Student transportation	-	-	143,992	(143,992)
Contingency	935,704	935,704		935,704
Total expenditures	4,529,780	4,529,780	3,422,181	1,107,599
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,123,456)	(1,123,456)	(113,206)	(1,010,250)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	125,895	125,895	180,375	54,480
Transfers out	(5,894)	(5,894)	(5,567)	327
Sale of assets	3,500	3,500	3,504	4
Total other financing sources (uses)	123,501	123,501	178,312	54,811
Net change in fund balances	(999,955)	(999,955)	65,106	1,065,061
Fund balances - beginning of year	999,955	999,955	1,001,866	1,911
Fund balances - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,066,972	\$ 1,066,972

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 17,998	\$ 17,998	\$ 100,509	\$ 82,511
State sources	303,275	303,275	303,188	(87)
Federal sources	248,209	248,209	550,870	302,661
Total revenues	569,482	569,482	954,567	385,085
Expenditures				
Instruction	473,149	473,149	862,399	(389,250)
Support services:				
Student	43,095	43,095	48,175	(5,080)
Community servcies	61,525	61,525	48,948	12,577
Total expenditures	577,769	577,769	959,522	(381,753)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(8,287)	(8,287)	(4,955)	(3,332)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	5,894	5,894	5,914	20
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,894	5,894	6,314	420
Net change in fund balances	(2,393)	(2,393)	1,359	3,752
Fund balances - beginning of year		<u>-</u>	(1,359)	(1,359)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (2,393)	\$ (2,393)	\$ -	\$ 2,393

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary accounting method and GAAP are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy and from estimates of other Local, State and Federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board.

The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenditures for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year.

The District must prepare an annual allocation to schools by March 1 of each year for the following fiscal year. This allocation must include the amount for certified and classified staff based on the District's staffing policy and the amount for instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment.

The District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each year. This budget must contain a minimum 2.00% contingency.

Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of the current fiscal year.

The Board has the ability to amend the working budget.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CERS

							District's	
							proportionate	Plan
							share of the	fiduciary
		District's		District's			net pension	net position
		proportion	pro	portionate			liability	as a percentage
Year	Measurement	of the net	sh	are of the	[District's	as a percentage	of the total
ended	period	pension	ne	t pension	(covered	covered	pension
June 30	June 30	liability		liability p		payroll	payroll	liability
2024	2023	0.0134%	\$	860,710	\$	392,316	219.39%	57.48%
2023	2022	0.0102%	\$	737,432	\$	392,316	187.97%	52.42%
2022	2021	0.0114%	\$	724,544	\$	281,908	257.01%	55.95%
2021	2020	0.0111%	\$	851,898	\$	286,585	297.26%	47.81%
2020	2019	0.0105%	\$	739,736	\$	286,996	257.75%	50.45%
2019	2018	0.0097%	\$	588,567	\$	259,543	226.77%	53.54%
2018	2017	0.0186%	\$	694,319	\$	254,682	272.62%	53.32%
2017	2016	0.0124%	\$	609,574	\$	294,834	206.75%	55.50%
2016	2015	0.0170%	\$	546,927	\$	295,330	185.19%	59.97%
2015	2014	0.0142%	\$	462,000	\$	263,520	175.32%	66.80%

Schedule of District's Contributions - CERS

			•						Contributions
Year	Con	tractually			Con	Contribution		District's	as a percentage
ended	required			Actual		deficiency		covered	of covered
June 30	contribution		cor	contribution		(excess)		payroll	payroll
2024	\$	95,612	\$	95,612	\$	-	\$	409,649	23.34%
2023	\$	91,802	\$	91,802	\$	-	\$	392,316	23.40%
2022	\$	59,680	\$	59,680	\$	-	\$	281,908	21.17%
2021	\$	55,310	\$	55,310	\$	-	\$	286,585	19.30%
2020	\$	55,390	\$	55,390	\$	-	\$	286,996	19.30%
2019	\$	42,098	\$	42,098	\$	-	\$	259,543	16.22%
2018	\$	36,878	\$	36,878	\$	-	\$	254,682	14.48%
2017	\$	41,130	\$	41,130	\$	-	\$	294,834	13.95%
2016	\$	36,680	\$	36,680	\$	-	\$	295,330	12.42%
2015	\$	33,601	\$	33,601	\$	-	\$	263,520	12.75%
2014	\$	44,910	\$	44,910	\$	-	\$	326,847	13.74%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - TRS

								Dictrict's													
					G I				D.I												
					State's			• •	Plan												
			proportionate					share of the	fiduciary												
	District's	Di	strict's	S	hare of the			net pension	net position												
	proportion	prop	ortionate	r	net pension			liability	as a percentage												
Measurement	of the net	shai	re of the		liability		District's	as a percentage	of the total												
period	pension	net	pension	ass	ociated with		covered	covered	pension												
June 30	liability	lia	ability	1	the District		the District		the District		the District		the District		the District		the District		payroll	payroll	liability
2023	0.0000%	\$	-		7898495	\$	1,543,167	0.00%	57.68%												
2022	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	7,658,525	\$	1,543,167	0.00%	56.41%												
2021	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	6,016,932	\$	1,444,800	0.00%	65.59%												
2020	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	6,277,301	\$	1,464,418	0.00%	58.27%												
2019	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	6,079,809	\$	1,403,133	0.00%	58.76%												
2018	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	5,824,015	\$	1,387,067	0.00%	59.30%												
2017	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	11,389,956	\$	1,360,133	0.00%	39.83%												
2016	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	12,893,317	\$	1,269,533	0.00%	35.22%												
2015	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	10,113,739	\$	1,438,279	0.00%	42.49%												
2014	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	8,823,040	\$	1,377,477	0.00%	45.59%												
	period June 30 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Measurement period pension June 30 liability 2023 0.0000% 2022 0.0000% 2021 0.0000% 2020 0.0000% 2019 0.0000% 2018 0.0000% 2017 0.0000% 2016 0.0000% 2015 0.0000%	Measurement period period June 30 proportion pension net liability proportion pension net liability 2023 0.0000% \$ 2022 0.0000% \$ 2021 0.0000% \$ 2020 0.0000% \$ 2019 0.0000% \$ 2017 0.0000% \$ 2016 0.0000% \$ 2015 0.0000% \$	Measurement period proportion of the net pension proportion share of the net pension June 30 liability liability 2023 0.0000% \$ - 2022 0.0000% \$ - 2021 0.0000% \$ - 2020 0.0000% \$ - 2019 0.0000% \$ - 2018 0.0000% \$ - 2017 0.0000% \$ - 2016 0.0000% \$ - 2015 0.0000% \$ -	District's proportion District's proportion proportionate period pension District's proportionate proportionate share of the pension net pension share of the pension net pension assignment pension assignment pension June 30 liability liability to t	District's proportion District's proportion proportionate share of the pension share of the liability share of the liability June 30 liability net pension pension liability associated with the District 2023 0.0000% \$ - 7898495 2022 0.0000% \$ - \$ 7,658,525 2021 0.0000% \$ - \$ 6,016,932 2020 0.0000% \$ - \$ 6,277,301 2019 0.0000% \$ - \$ 6,079,809 2018 0.0000% \$ - \$ 5,824,015 2017 0.0000% \$ - \$ 11,389,956 2016 0.0000% \$ - \$ 12,893,317 2015 0.0000% \$ - \$ 10,113,739	District's District's Share of the proportion proportionate share of the net pension liability liability the District	District's proportion proportionate proportionate proportion proportionate pension District's period pension District's District's period District's District Dist	District's District's Proportionate Share of the net pension liability												

Schedule of District's Contributions - TRS

									Contributions
Year	Cont	ractually			Contribution District's		District's	as a percentage	
ended	re	quired	1	Actual	deficiency		covered		of covered
June 30	con	tribution	con	tribution	(excess)		payroll		payroll
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,099,433	0.00%
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,543,167	0.00%
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,444,800	0.00%
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,464,418	0.00%
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,403,133	0.00%
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,387,067	0.00%
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,360,133	0.00%
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,269,533	0.00%
2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,438,279	0.00%
2015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,377,477	0.00%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - CERS

							District's	
							proportionate	Plan
							share of the	fiduciary
		District's		istrict's			net OPEB	net position
		proportion	pro	portionate			liability	as a percentage
Year	Measurement	of the net	sha	are of the	District's		as a percentage	of the total
ended	period	OPEB	n	net OPEB		covered	covered	OPEB
June 30	June 30	liability	liab	liability (asset)		payroll	payroll	liability
2024	2023	0.0134%	\$	(18,520)	\$	392,316	-4.72%	104.23%
2023	2022	0.1020%	\$	201,279	\$	281,908	71.40%	60.95%
2022	2021	0.0114%	\$	217,520	\$	286,585	75.90%	58.41%
2021	2020	0.0111%	\$	268,128	\$	286,996	93.43%	51.67%
2020	2019	0.0106%	\$	177,497	\$	259,543	68.39%	60.44%
2019	2018	0.0097%	\$	171,582	\$	254,682	67.37%	57.62%
2018	2017	0.0119%	\$	238,467	\$	294,834	80.88%	52.39%

Schedule of District's Contributions - CERS

									Contributions
Year	Con	tractually			Con	tribution		District's	as a percentage
ended	required			Actual		deficiency		covered	of covered
June 30	cor	ntribution	cor	tribution	(e	(excess)		payroll	payroll
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	409,649	0.00%
2023	\$	13,300	\$	13,300	\$	-	\$	392,316	3.39%
2022	\$	16,294	\$	16,294	\$	-	\$	281,908	5.78%
2021	\$	13,641	\$	13,641	\$	-	\$	286,585	4.76%
2020	\$	13,661	\$	13,661	\$	-	\$	286,996	4.76%
2019	\$	13,652	\$	13,652	\$	-	\$	259,543	5.26%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - TRS Medical Insurance Plan

						State's			District's	
					pro	oportionate			proportionate	Plan
					sł	nare of the			share of the	fiduciary
		District's		District's	1	net OPEB			net OPEB	net position
		proportion	pro	portionate		liability			liability	as a percentage
Year	Measurement	of the net	sha	are of the	а	associated		District's	as a percentage	of the total
ended	period	OPEB	n	et OPEB		with the		covered	covered	OPEB
June 30	June 30	liability		liability		District	payroll		payroll	liability
2024	2023	0.0244%	\$	595,000	\$	502,000	\$	1,543,167	38.56%	52.97%
2023	2022	0.0327%	\$	811,000	\$	266,000	\$	1,444,400	56.15%	47.75%
2022	2021	0.0248%	\$	531,000	\$	431,000	\$	1,464,418	36.26%	51.47%
2021	2020	0.0239%	\$	602,000	\$	482,000	\$	4,103,133	14.67%	32.58%
2020	2019	0.0239%	\$	699,000	\$	565,000	\$	1,387,066	50.39%	32.58%
2019	2018	0.0229%	\$	795,000	\$	685,000	\$	1,360,133	58.45%	25.54%
2018	2017	0.0222%	\$	793,000	\$	647,000	\$	1,269,533	62.46%	21.18%

Schedule of District's Contributions - TRS Medical Insurance Plan

									Contributions
Year	Con	tractually			Coi	ntribution		District's	as a percentage
ended	re	equired		Actual	de	deficiency		covered	of covered
June 30	con	tribution	cor	ntribution	((excess)		payroll	payroll
2023	\$	32,983	\$	32,983	\$	-	\$	1,099,433	3.00%
2023	\$	46,295	\$	46,295	\$	-	\$	1,543,167	3.00%
2022	\$	43,332	\$	43,332	\$	-	\$	1,444,400	3.00%
2021	\$	43,932	\$	43,932	\$	-	\$	1,464,418	3.00%
2020	\$	42,094	\$	42,094	\$	-	\$	4,103,133	1.03%
2019	\$	41,612	\$	41,612	\$	-	\$	1,387,066	3.00%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - TRS Life Insurance Plan

·						State's			District's	
					portionate			proportionate	Plan	
				share of the					share of the	fiduciary
		District's	Di	strict's	r	net OPEB			net OPEB	net position
		proportion	prop	ortionate		liability			liability	as a percentage
Year	Measurement	of the net	shai	re of the	ne associated		District's		as a percentage	of the total
ended	period	OPEB	ne	t OPEB	,	with the covered		covered	covered	OPEB
June 30	June 30	liability	lia	ability		District		payroll	payroll	liability
2024	2023	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	12,000	\$	1,543,167	0.00%	76.91%
2023	2022	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	13,000	\$	1,444,400	0.00%	73.97%
2022	2021	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	1,464,418	0.00%	89.15%
2021	2020	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	4,103,133	0.00%	71.57%
2020	2019	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	13,000	\$	1,387,066	0.00%	73.40%
2019	2018	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	12,000	\$	1,360,133	0.00%	74.97%
2018	2017	0.0000%	\$	-	\$	9,000	\$	1,269,533	0.00%	79.99%

Schedule of District's Contributions - TRS Life Insurance Plan

									Contributions
Year Contractually				Contribution		District's		as a percentage	
ended	re	quired	A	Actual	de	deficiency		covered	of covered
June 30	con	tribution	con	tribution	(excess)		(excess)		payroll
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,099,433	0.00%
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,543,167	0.00%
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,444,400	0.00%
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,464,418	0.00%
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,103,133	0.00%
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,387,066	0.00%



	District Activity Fund		ty Activity		pital utlay und	Building Fund	Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,634	\$ 39,036	\$	-	\$ 26,454	\$	-	\$	67,124
Total assets	\$	1,634	\$ 39,036	\$	_	\$ 26,454	\$	-	\$	67,124
Fund balances										
Restricted		1,634	39,036		-	26,454				67,124
Total fund balances		1,634	39,036		-	26,454				67,124
Total liabilities and fund										
balances	\$	1,634	\$ 39,036	\$	-	\$ 26,454	\$	-	\$	67,124

	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues						
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,425	\$ -	\$ 70,425
Other local revenue	6,750	167,148	-	-	-	173,898
Intergovernmental state:						
SEEK	-	-	28,574	-	-	28,574
On-behalf	-	-	-	-	299,216	299,216
Other				219,886		219,886
Total revenues	6,750	167,148	28,574	290,311	299,216	791,999
Expenditures						
Instruction	11,433	176,954	-	-	-	188,387
Building improvements	-	-	-	20,859	-	20,859
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	334,000	334,000
Interest					56,066	56,066
Total expenditures	11,433	176,954		20,859	390,066	599,312
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(4,683)	(9,806)	28,574	269,452	(90,850)	192,687
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	90,850	90,850
Transfers out			(28,574)	(242,998)	-	(271,572)
Total other financing sources (uses)		0	(28,574)	(242,998)	90,850	(180,722)
Net change in fund balances	(4,683)	(9,806)	-	26,454	-	11,965
Fund balances - beginning	6,317	48,842				55,159
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,634	\$ 39,036	\$ -	\$ 26,454	\$ -	\$ 67,124

	Cash Balance				Cash Balance
Fund Name	July 1, 2023	Receipts	Expenditure	Transfers	June 30, 2024
Student enhancement	\$ 2,770	\$ 13,164	\$ 13,062	\$ 752	\$ 3,624
Faculty enhancement	3,373	4,318	4,835	-	2,856
Drama club	2,821	1,134	937	-	3,018
Beta club	-	480	-	-	480
Blessing box/helping hand	437	-	402	-	35
FCCLA	1,320	-	182	(1,000)	138
FBLA	291	-	56	-	235
Champions	3,035	6,876	7,857	1,034	3,088
Band	937	7,666	5,956	-	2,647
Athletics	9,044	93,837	106,636	3,755	-
Robotics	858	-	-	-	858
Class of 2025	2,137	13,390	2,798	-	12,729
Class of 2024	15,896	1,855	17,401	(350)	-
Class of 2029	1,000	4,145	2,597	-	2,548
Class of 2028	309	-	-	-	309
Class of 2027	338	3,239	1,368	-	2,209
Class of 2026	1,895	5,865	3,095	(3,470)	1,195
Class of 2030	40	-	-	-	40
Class of 2031	32	-	_	-	32
Library	960	5,957	5,785	-	1,132
Yearbook/newspaper	28	172	200	-	-
Senior trip deposit	-	2,050	2,400	350	-
Sources of strength	1,034	-	-	(1,034)	-
Senior scholarship	287	-	250	(37)	-
Gear up		3,000	1,137		1,863
Due to student groups	\$ 48,842	\$ 167,148	\$ 176,954	\$ -	\$ 39,036

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Clust	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Fede Expendi for F 6/30/2	itures YE
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002 23	78,846	
Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173	3800002 21	10	
	84.173	3800002 22	81	
	84.173	3800002 23	9,686	88,623
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 23	113,929	113,929
5 I. W 151	04.040	2740000 22	4.44	
Perkins Vocational Education	84.048	3710002 22	141	4.040
	84.048	3710002 23	1,702	1,843
Title V Rural and Low-Income Schools	84.358	3140002 22	956	
	84.358	3140002 23	22,558	23,514
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002 23	11,347	11,347
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002 22	7,596	
	84.424	3420002 23	10,000	17,596
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act				
	84.425D	4200003 21	1,804	
	84.425D	4200003 22	3,287	
	84.425U	4300002 21	241,821	
	84.425U	4910002 21	385	247,297
	Total U.S Dep	partment of Educa	tion -	504,149

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Clust	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Expen for	leral ditures FYE /2024
U.S. Department of Agriculture	Listing		0,50	7202-
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 23	17,000	
•	10.553	7760005 24	68,239	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 23	27,083	
-	10.555	7750002 24	137,654	
	10.555	9980000 23	14,339	264,315
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10 560	7700001 23	748	748
Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture				
Commodities	10.555	Commodities	12,161	12,161
	Total U.S. De	epartment of Agric	ulture	277,224
U.S. Department of Labor				
Passed through TENCO				
WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	TENCO	46,721	46,721
	Total U.S. De	epartment of Labo	r	46,721
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 828,094

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Augusta Independent School District (District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not provide federal funds to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 5: COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the USDA commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE 6: FEDERAL AWARDS RECONCILIATION

Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 828,094
Donated commodities reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	12,161
Federal grants reported on the Statement or Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	265,063
Federal revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 550,870

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*



Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Augusta Independent School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated October 22, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 22, 2024 Augusta Independent School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance June 30, 2024

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Program

We have audited Augusta Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities of those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section or our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Augusta Independent School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance June 30, 2024

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Augusta Independent School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance June 30, 2024

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 22, 2024

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements						
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmo	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	_No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X	_None reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	_No			
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	_No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X	None reported			
Type of report the auditor issued on compliance with major programs:	Unmo	odified	_			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 500.516(a))?	Yes	X	_None reported			
Identification of Major Programs						
ALN Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
84.425D COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emerge	ncy Relief Fund	d (ESSE	R)			
84.425U COVID-19 American Rescue Plan (ARP) ESSER						
84.425W COVID-19 American Rescue Plan (ARP) ESSER Homele	ess					
10.553 & 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster						
Dollar threshhold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 7	50,000	_			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	Yes	X	_No			

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NO PRIOR FINDINGS

Augusta Independent School District Management Letter June 30, 2024

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Augusta Independent School District (District) for the year ended June 30, 2024, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of matters that our opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and recommendations regarding these matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been listed in this letter. A separate report dated October 22, 2024 contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 22, 2024 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendation with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at our convenience, to perform additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

October 22, 2024

Augusta Independent School District Management Letter June 30, 2024

2024-01. During our testing of school activity fund receipts, we noted that deposits were not always received and/or deposited timely as required by *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds*

(Redbook). This is a repeat of prior year comment 2023-01.

2024-02. During our testing of school activity fund disbursements, we noted instances of disbursements that did not have the sponsor's signature as required by *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* (Redbook). This is a repeat of prior year comment 2023-02.

2024-03. Some student organizations/clubs had no activity during the year and are considered inactive. *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* (Redbook). requires these accounts to be closed and transferred to the organization designated by the inactive account sponsor or transferred to the general activity fund if no designation is made. This is a repeat of prior year comment 2023-05.

Prior Year Comments

Prior year Comments 2023-03 and 2023-04 were not repeated in the current year.

District Response

Redbook procedures will be reviewed with the appropriate staff.